Four Out of 11 Badly Injured Are Likely to Die-Children Playing in the Street Among the Victims-12 Workmen Buried in the Debris-One Missing.

The three story brick building at 202 Grand street collapsed shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and buried a dozen men in its ruins. Two persons were killed, eleven were seriously injured, of whom four are likely to die, and one man is missing. A number of persons received

slight cuts and bruises.

The Building Department had been notified of the condition of the building and only an hour before the collapse had sent a wrecking crew to tear it down.

The building stood at the corner of Mott and Grand streets, and it was said to be more than fifty years old. The property is owned by the Catherine A. Turnbull estate and the building was leased by Dominick Volpe of Rosebank, Staten Island. Some time ago a large crack apreared in the Mott street wall and the Building Department condemned the building and ordered the tenants to leave. They wore slow in doing so, and yesterday morning two policemen were stationed in front of the building to keep any one from enter-

About 1:30 in the afternoon Alfonso Sisco, who has an office at 200 Grand street, noticed that the wall appeared to be settling on the Mott street side, and he telephoned to the Tenement House Department. He was told to telephone the Building Department, and he did so. The department promised to attend to the matter

John Norelli, who had a fruit stand the basement, also noticed the settling of the building and went to Charles Volpe, son of the lessee, and told him of it. Volpe telephoned the Building Department and then went to the Mulberry street police station and reported the situation.

About 3:30 o'clock the Building Department sent a wrecking wagon and sixteen men to shore up the building. They were nder Thomas Gorman, foreman, of 219 last Thirty-sixth street. Inspector Dowen was in charge of the work. When the men arrived, twelve were sent into the building to get furniture and other things out, and four were set to work outside. The four outside at once dug up some paving on Grand street to step the shoring beams. They then placed a ladder against the front

While one of them was on the ladder tearing down an awning over the door. Semuel Gordon of 230 Grand street, a volunteer fireman of Staten Island, who was passing by, saw the building sink. He elled a warning, but before the man on the ladder could get down the entire building

caved in with a crash. For a few minutes the ruin was blotted out of sight by a cloud of dust. Gordon rushed to a fire box and turned in an alarm, which rought Truck 16 to the scene. The dust cleared away just as the firemen arrived, and they sent in a hurry call for ambulances, police and additional fire apparatus.

The firemen and police started right in to dig through the débris to the twelve imprisoned men who had been in the building

at the time of the collapse.
Nine of them were quickly found and hauled out little the worse for their ex-

A great crowd collected and additional reserves were called out. Mounted men and foot police charged the crowd again and again and finally drove them back a

After the nine men were rescued the work progressed more carefully, so as not to inure those still in the ruin. While digging near the doorway on Grand street the firemen came across the mangled body of a little girl, who proved to be Josephine Gariosa. When the crowd saw the child's body a cry went up, and the police had a hard time keeping the people from breaking through. The body was carried to a drug store on the opposite side of the street. Ambulance surgeons and nurses from the hospitals hurried in, but the child had evidently been instantly killed.

Almost immediately after the child's body was found the searchers came on that of Joseph Farine, lying near the Mott street doorway. Farine had attempted to enter the building to get his clothes out and just as he passed the doorway the collapse occurred.

In quick succession the rescuers brought out of the ruins the bleeding and unconscious forms of Eugenio Quattrucci, who conducted a restaurant on the und floor of the building, and Pietro \ fre, a little boy, until all had been acc unted for save one member of the wrecking cew whose body was said to be in the wine. At midnight his body had not been f und, although search was continued by the light of lamps and torches. Nearly : Il . I those seriously injured were passersy, lifet he little Gariosa girl. The Volpe boy was playing in the street with little Clara Birra when both found themselves huried under a huge pile of laths and plaster. The same was the case with five-year-old Vincent Murelli, who was not discovered ly the police until after 8 o'clock, at his he me, where he had managed to crawl un ided, although his skull was fractured.

Giusepre Majori, who ran a photograther's shop, had a narrow escape. as did the Bartelomacci family, who lived on the top floor. Although the police were told to keep the tenants out Giuseppe Majori was on the top floor when the building stuted to settle. His brother Antonio. who is known in the Italian quarter for his ability as an actor, saw the building going and climbed up on a gutter over the second floor and helped his brother down. The Bartelomacci family, consisting of the father, mother and four children, had just le't the building when the collapse came. They lost all their belongings.

Fire Chaplain Knapp was at the scene and administered the last rites of the Church to those in need of his services. Shortly ter the arrival of the firemen Borough resident Ahearn and Coroner Scholer i rived. President Ahearn took charge of airs. He had the police drive all the tenants out of No. 200, which was next door,

until it could be shored up.

Coroner Scholer started an investigation on the spot and ordered the arrest of Foreman Gorman on a charge of criminal negligence in not taking proper precautions in shoring the building up.

The inspector of the work and Supt. Mahony, who were present, refused to make any statement or assign any cause for the accident.

Building Department officials said that the department had acted immediately upon notice of the building's condition. The police list of casualties is as follows:

DEAD. FARINE, JOSEPH. 48 years old, address unknown

street: crushed to death while passing by. INJURED.

WALL. PITER, 40 years old, of 1162 First avenue;

fractured skull; taken to Gouverneur Hospital; it is believed that he will die. BARRA, CLARA, 7 years old, of 154 Mots street;

hurt while playing in street; taken to St. Vincent's Hospital with fractured skull. Hospital authori-ties say she will die. NURELM, VINCENT, 5 years old, of 175 Mulberry street; skull fractured; taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where it is said he will die.

DURANTE, EVOENIO, 39 years old, of 311 Seventh avenue; contusions on head and body; taken to Gouverneur Hospital, where it is said that his re-

VOLPE, PIETRO, 7 years old, of 154 Mott street, injuries of face and hands; taken to St. Vincent's Hospital.
QUATTRUCCI, EUGENIO, 42 years old, of 195 Grand

street, left leg broken; taken to St. Vicent's Hos Majori, Giuseppe, 38 years old, of 202 Grand street, contusions of the body; taken to St. Vincent's Hospital.

cent's Hospital.

SANDO, PASQUALE. 17 years old, of 177 Mulberry street, lacerations of the hands, face and body; taken to St. Vincent's Hospital. SHEA, THOMAS, patroiman, Third precinct, lacera-tion of the hands; taken to Gouverneur Hospital. Burns, Edward, 23 years old, of 1123 First ave-

DUPRE, GEORGE, 27 years old, of Engine Company 55, lacerated hands; taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

Besides those taken to the hospitals about a score were treated for minor wounds and

One man, name unknown, is reported missing among the ruins.

JAMES SHEVLIN'S DEFI.

Proved He Did Not Vote for McClellan. James Shevlin, who is making a desperate fight to retain control of the Democratic organization in the Second, Eleventh and Twelfth districts in Brooklyn, and thus keep his place as a State committeeman, reappeared yesterday in the old Willoughby street auction room and had a confab with some of the foes of Senator P. H. McCarren, whose régime extends over the remaining eighteen Assembly districts in the county and who expects to recap-

The late Hugh McLaughlin's former chief of staff expressed much indignation over a recent statement of ex-Senator Walter C. Burton that he (Shevlin) had voted for Low in the last municipal campaign.
"I voted," Mr. Shevlin said, "for the en-"I voted," Mr. Shevlin said, "for the entire regular Democratic ticket, except Edward M. Grout, and I will give \$5,000 to a charitable institution if any one can prove that I did not vote for McClellan."

Bird S. Coler was one of the callers at the auction room, but he declared his visit was not political. He begged the reporters to put him on the shelf and leave him there, as he was too busy to meddle with politics. Incident to his primary fight in the Twenty-first Assembly district Magistrate Henry Furlong yesterday applied to Su-Twenty-first Assembly district Magistrate Henry Furlong yesterday applied to Supreme Court Justice Garretson to have the names of 2,500 alleged illegal voters stricken from the enrollment lists. The hearing was postponed until to-day. Magistrate Furlong alleges that the names he wants removed are those of men who are either dead or have moved from the district, or who never had any residence there.

CITS CONVENTIONS.

Executive Committee Announces Dates for the Various Meetings.

The executive committee of the Citizens Union met yesterday and fixed upon these dates for its conventions:

session. Oct. 2
Borough conventions (Manhattan, The Brons, Queens, Richmond), first session. Sept. 19
Brooklyn forough convention, first session. Sept. 21
Borough conventions (Ell boroughs), second Assembly conventions

The city convention and the New York county and Manhattan berough conven-

BIRD AGAIN NEAR THE THRONE. Odell Finds a Place at Court for Former Military Scoretary.

Harrison K. Bird, who was military secretary to Gov. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., has retary to Gov. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., has been appointed to succeed J. Calvin Mc-Knight as private scretary to Chairman Odell of the Republican State committee.

Mr. McKnight recently resigned to become private secretary of E. H. Harriman at a salary, it is said, of \$10,000 a year. He accompanied Mr. Harriman on the trip he is now making to the Far East.

JUDSON S. LANDON DEAD.

Former Supreme Court Justice Expires After an Operation for Hernia.

SCHENECTADY, Sept. 7.—The Hon. Judson Stuart Landon, former Justice of the Supreme Court, died at his home in this city this morning. Mr. Landon was operated upon for an aggravated form of hernia on Monday morning, and he never recovered from the shock. Judge Landon stood in the the shock. Judge Landon stood in the first rank among the members of the legal profession and enjoyed the highest reputation both as a jurist and a Judge.

Judson S. Landon was born in Salisbury, Conn., Dec. 18, 1831. He received his education in the public schools and in the law department of Yale University. He came

department of fale University. He came
to Schenectady and took up the practise
of the law in 1856, in which year he was
elected DistrictAttorney of Schenectady
County, an office which he held until
February, 1865, when he was appointed
to fill a vacancy as County Judge. In
the fall of the same year his appointment
was ratified by the people who placed to fill a vacancy as County Judge. In the fall of the same year his appointment was ratified by the people, who placed their stamp of approval upon Mr. Landon by reelecting him as County Judge for the following term of four years.

In 1867 he served as a member of the State Constitutional convention. In 1873 he was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court in the Fourth Judicial District and was reelected in 1887. During part of his first and second terms he served in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, and on Nov. 28, 1891, was designated a member of the second division of the Court of Appeals by the Governor. Upon the dissolution of this court he resumed service on the Supreme bench, from which he was later transferred to the Court of Appeals. His term as Justice of the Court of Appeals expired in 1901.

Judge Landon is well known as an author, having written several books on different bears of the law and a constitutional

Judge Landon is well known as an author, having written several books on different phases of the law and a constitutional history of the United States. Upon the resignation of Dr. E. Nott Potter as president of Union College in 1885 Judge Landon was appointed to fill the office ad interim. For four years up to the time of his death he habeen associated with the college as one of the trustees and as a member of the faculty of the law department at Albany. Union and Rutgers both bestowed the degree of LL. D. upon him. He is survived by Mrs. Landon and five children, two sons and three caughters. The funeral will be held here Saturday afternoon.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. George H. Daniels, wife of the general passe ger agent of the New York Central railroad, died at 2:23 o'clock yesterday afterrailroad, died at 2:23 o'clock vesterday afternoon at Lake Placid, N. Y., the Daniels summer home in the Adirondacks. Mrs. Daniels
had been ill for months, and five weeks ago
her condition became so serious that Mr. Daniels left this city and went to Lake Placid to
remain beside her constantly. The body
will be taken to-day to the Earle crematory
at Troy, N. Y., and incinerated there. There
will be a brief private service. Besides
Mr. Daniels, two children survive her. They
are J. C. Daniels, a business man of Chicago,
and Miss Harriet Daniels, who was at the
Lake Placid bone when she died.
Police Sergeant Berjamin Spreckley of the

Lake Placid bome when she died.

Police Sergeant Berjamin Spreckley of the Hamilton avenue station, Brooklyn, died yesterday of uremic convulsions in the Seney Hospital in his fifty-fourth year. He had been of desk duty at the Station all Wednesday night and was on his way to his home, at 12 Nelson street, when stricken. He had served twenty-four years on the force. Jesse C. Jones, a drummer boy in the Mexican War, died on Wednesday at the home of his daughter, 313 Whiton street, Jersey City, aged 78. He was a Jersey Central Bailroad engineer for thirty years. He leaves three sons and three daughters.

#### THE BIALYSTOK MASSACRE

WHAT A RUSSIAN CITY WENT THROUGH LAST MONTH.

As Police Could Not Stir Workmen Against the Jows, Soldiers Were Turned Loose to Kill-Martial Law Order Kept Secret From Townspeople 60 Are Killed.

From Bialystok, a big cloth manufacturng town in the Government of Grodno, Russia, comes a letter describing the massacre that occurred there on Aug. 12. The letter is postmarked a few days later than the date from one of the first German railroad stations beyond the Russian border. Bialystok is in the old Lithuanian territory that went to Russia with Poland. It had more than 60,000 inhabitants by the census of 1897 and contains many Jews. A translation of the letter follows: nue contusions of the body; taken to Gouverneur

BIALTSTOK, Aug. 17. While the Russian Empire and foreign countries were awaiting anxiously the decree of grace which the autocrat in Petersburg would grant to his people on the first anniversary of the birth of his heir our paternal Government surprised us with a horror which not only is worthy of the shameful deeds at Petersburg, Baku, Warsaw, Odessa and Lodz, but even surpasses these in cruelty and Will Give \$5.000 to Charity if It Can Be

In the massacres at Kishineff and Hamel, at Shitomir and Baku, at Tiffis and Simferopol, which were provoked by the police, that body tried to shirk the frightful responsibility by ascribing the cause to the dissensions of race; but on Aug. 12 the police, the minor officials connected with it and the officers, in short all that we curse here under the name bureaucracy have torn off the figleaf from their shame and shown in its full nakedness so dreadful a picture of truly bestial hatred against the whole people and of unquenchable vindictiveness that we, horrified and dismayed, can only ask ourselves, "What now?"

For months past the police had tried to stir up the Christian workmen against their Jewish comrades. It promised to aid them in all their economic demands if they would separate from the Jews and act in concert with the techernaya Sotnia, the black band, whose object is to exterminate all the intelligence of the country. We have here, however, a model class of workingmen, well organized and disciplined, which gave the Holy Hermandad the proud answer: "We forbid your arranging persecutions of the Jews in our name, we will protect them with our bodies and turn like a single man against you and your mercenaries.

The police explained its underhand proceedings to the military authorities of the garrison here and was strongly supported by the officers. The soldiers were told that the whole town had conspired against them, that they would be cut down in the open streets; single soldiers were allowed to leave the barracks and camps with loaded rifles and amply provided with cartridges. The soldiers, supposed to be intended as a pro-tection to the people against the anarchists. became its greatest terror. All hearts were heavy. We felt that a catastrophe impended; it was perceptible, but nowhere could we turn for help and protection.

The massacre that all feared came at last on Aug. 12, without provocation on the part of the people with no reason or sense.

part of the people, with no reason or sense. An armed soldier picked a quarrel with a workman in the Suraser street, the main a workman in the Suraser street, the main street of the laboring quarter, and wounded him mortally. When the dying man had been carried into a room, soldiers pushed their way in, killed four persons and scattered. Then a bomb exploded, wounding eight workmen and two soldiers. Who threw the bomb? The workmen swear that the crime was committed by a police spy. The soldiers rush like wild beasts into the most frequented streets and shoot every.

The soldiers rush like which beasts into the most frequented streets and shoot everything in sight; they shoot down the streets into windows, at closed houses, through iron fences, regardless of person, age or sex. One soldier ran like a madman through the main street; he fired his rifle, they simed at the entrance of a crowded then aimed at the entrance of a crowded house, laughed but did not fire; he repeated his joke before another house. At a third house, the former editor of a newspaper that failed and who ran off last year with the money of the Red Cross and was handed over to the Russian officials in Hamburg, but who is now person gratissims to the over to the Russian officials in hamours, but who is now persona gratissima to the police and the unworthy head of the nobility, said to the crezy soldier to hurry up and fire into the house, which was filled with "intellectuals." The soldier fired, killed a servant girl, severely wounded a young merchant, then hastened on madly and tilled some more recolle; then in the best killed some more people; then, in the best of humors, he lighted a cigarette and ex-caimed with complacency. "Well, I guess I have cleaned out at least ten Jews."

claimed with complacency. Well, I guess
I have cleaned out at least ten Jews."
A police official with some soldiers pushed his way into a dentist's office, the reception room full of patients, chiefly women. The soldiers used blows; the police official cried out to the terrified women: "You whole mob of Jews should be rooted up," but withdrew with the soldiers without shooting. A woman who followed him down the stairs was cut down.

A servant girl was followed by a policeman and a soldier. She turned around and addressed the policeman, with whom she was acquainted; "Spare my life, you know that I am not a revolutionist." "Move on, I know you," answered the policeman; "no one will touch you." No sooner had she turned her back than she was shot down, at the policeman's instigation. The bloodhounds raged chiefly against old men, she turned her back than she was shot down, at the policeman's instigation. The bloodhounds raged chiefly against old men, women and children, who constitute the majority of the victims. This slaughter of the innocents lasted from 3 in the afternoen until 3 after midnight.

Yet these ignorant peasants' sons, who were predded into becoming wild beasts, are compassionate in comparison with the officers who gave the order for the bloodshed. When the shooting and the number of dead and wounded increased, the doctors

shed. When the shooting and the number of dead and wounded increased, the doctors of the city hastened at the risk of their lives wherever duty cailed them. By order of the officers they were prevented from aiding the wounded and were told they would be shot if they appeared in the streets. They protested, begged, cried out, all to no purpose. The soldiers showed their bayonets and the officers declared that the Jews would get along without medical assistance. Thus the sick and wounded remained eighteen hours, without bandages or medicine een hours, without bandages or medicine or medical advice. This explains the extraordinary number of deaths, which is increasing out of all proportions. So far there are sixty dead and more than 100

What will come of all this? Who will save our unfortunate city. General of Division Bokajewski, a worthless creature, whose name deserves to stand on the pillar of shame of history with that of Alva, still has the say about the life and death of the inhabitants. The fate of more than 80,000 men is in the hands of the person who replied to the unfortunate citizens that went to him after the massacre to plead for protection arainst the soldiery: "I will exterminate all of you Jews," the criminal who suddenly informed the soldiers that martial law had been declared and gave no intimation of the fact to the townspeople; the class of officers, craving revenge for defeats of which we are innocent; the police, corrupt, impotent and hated. Where can we find an escape? What will come of all this? Who will

an escape?
At Petersburg or Tiflis, at Lodz or Baku, at Simferopol or Samara, at Kurst or Odessa, everywhere the same scenes of hatred and murder, everywhere the same consequences of the same causes. A peace conference is in session at Portsmouth. We are much more miserable than the poor soldiers in Manchuria. Who will bring peace at last to the 140,000,000? an escape?

New Jersey Dock Company Incorporated. TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 7 .- The New Jersey Terminal D ck and Improvement Company was incorporated here to-day with a capital stock of \$3,000,000. The company s to carry on a real estate business, to con-struct docks and wharves and railroad facilities and to build and maintain gas, water and electric plants. The incorpora-tors are Ross A. Mackey, John J. Treacy and Herbert Scoville.

#### LOOK TO GOFF NOW.

Municipal Ownership Pick Him for Mayor Since Gayner Doesn't Peep.

Since the Municipal Ownership League people failed to get an answer to the cable they sent on Tuesday to Justice Gaynor asking him if he would be their candidate for Mayor, they are turning to Recorder Goff as their next best choice. It was said vesterday that the heads of the organizaion had made up their minds to wait on Mr. Goff within the next day or two to ask him if he would be likely to be in a receptive mind if the fusion nomination should be

offered to him. The M. O. L. men spread the report last night that Recorder Goff, they had reason to belive, would be acceptable to the Cit-izens' Union. Apparently the chief leaguers thought that the failure of Justice Gaynor to reply to their message before he sailed to this country on the Baltic on Wednesday could be taken as an indication that he would not respond to their overtures. Probably they will learn more than they know now by about next Wednesday, when the

William R. Hearst is coming back on the same ship with Justice Gaynor. Mr. Hearst owns the Municipal Ownership League, and the probability is that his representatives in that organization may receive some instructions by wireless before the fusion nominating committee meets on Monday night which may put a different aspect on the situation these men were working up last night.

Another item of gossip which was heard yesterday was that Senator McCarren had been again assured that it would be left to the Brooklyn Democratic organiza-tion to name both the candidate for Comptroller and for the vacancy on the Suprem Court bench in the second district. It was added that Senator McCarren in his desire to have Herman Metz nominated for Comptroller, despite the wish of Mayor McClellan that Comptroller Grout should be renominated, had decided to offer to Mr. Grout the nomination for the vacancy in the Supreme Court which will be left by Justice Burn.

in the Supreme Court which will be left by Justice Burr.

Among the names which have been mentioned as possible fusion candidates for Mayor is that of Jacob A. Riis. Mr. Riis put an end to the boom started by his friends by saying yesterday that nothing could induce him to take such a nomination. Once of the reasons he gave was: "I have no desire to be set up as a man of straw and knocked down to help make an election day." He added:

"I want to see George B, McClellan elected Mayor, and I shall vote for him and urge all my friends to vote for him. As I have said before, he has made an excellent Mayor. I don't approve of every appointment he

said before, he has made an excellent mayor. I don't approve of every appointment he has made—who does? But, weighing my words, I say he is the best organization Mayor New York has ever had, and I believe the receipt are generally satisfied. Mayor New York has ever had, and I believe the people are generally satisfied with him and admire and trust him. In his independence and public spirit he is not a Tammany man—he is more like a Citizens' Union man. In fact, I don't hesitate to say that Mayor McClellan is as much a product of Citizen Union sentiment as of Tammany organization. He is a blend, and the best part of the blend is the spirit that has made the Citizens' Union such a useful civic body. This is no year, it seems to me, to e ect a Fusion candidate for Mayor. Mr. McClellan has made good, and everybody wants to see Mr. Jerome reelected District Attorney. I am for both."

METZ FOR COMPTROLLER.

Brooklyn Democrats Think He Will Succeed Grout-Convention Dates." The Democratic executive committee in Brooklyn met last night at the Jefferson Hall headquarters and inaugurated the campaign by fixing the dates for the various local conventions. Senator P. H. McCarren, the leader of the organization and chairman of the committee, presided. All the Assembly districts were represented. and the utmost harmony prevailed. Messrs. Walsh, Farrell and Dooley, the only district leaders who still avow allegiance to the old Willoughby street regime, interposed

no objection to the program laid out by Senator McCarren. A jubilant spirit prevailed on all sides, and confidence was expressed that after primary day factional differences would disappear and the solid Democratic forces be lined up for campaign work. The dates for the conventions are as follows:

County convention, Oct. 7.

Municipal Court convention, Oct. 9.

Aldermanic convention, Oct. 10.

Assembly conventions, Oct. 11.

Conventions for the election of delegates o the Judiciary convention, Oct. 28.

Judiciary convention, Oct. 30.

At the close of the meeting Senator McCarren said that there was every prospect of a sweeping Democratic victory this year, not only in the city at large, but in the Borough of Brooklyn. The question, he said, of selecting the candidates for the local ticket would not be taken up until after the primaries on Sept. 19. after the primaries on Sept. 19.

It was the opinion of nearly all the district leaders that Comptroller Grout would adhere to his oft-expressed purpose to retire from public life at the close of the year and resume his law practise and that Herman A. Metz would be nominated as

Westchester Democrats Nominate. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 7 .- The Democrats of Westchester county, at a convenion held here this afternoon, nominated Coroner Albert Van Houten of Yonkers for County Treasurer and Dr. F. W. O'Brien of Peekskill and Dr. Thomas C. Taylor for Coroners. Daniel P. Hayes, formerly president of the Harlem Democratic Club, who presided, attacked the Odell machine for passing the Mortgage Tax law and for its toleration of Chauncey M. Depew.

Hackett to Succeed Hannon in Seventh. The new leader of the Republican organization of the Seventh Assembly district to succeed John J. Hannon, who has just died. will undoubtedly be James T. Hackett. For several years Mr. Hackett was one of Mr. Hannon's chief lieutenants and is a member of the county committee. Although the Seventh district is normally Democratic, Mr. Hackett once carried it when he ran for Alderman.

Quigg Picks Jerome and Defends New York Police.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7 .- According to Lemuel Eli Quigg, New York city is governed more honestly than most cities, while the police system is as well organized and free from corruption as any in the country.

Mr. Quigg, in the course of an interview, said he believed Jerome would succeed himself as District Attorney, because of his fitness for the place.

To Prosecute Cotton Scandal Cases. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- Morgan Eeach, formerly United States District Attorney here, who resigned last Friday to take up private practise, was to-day appointed special assistant Attorney-General in charge of the prosecution of the cotton scandal cases.

Grape Nuts and Cream

and remember It is the most nourishing food in existence. Next day have a Grape-Nuts Pudding, (recipe on package) Delicious !

There's a reason.

### OVER A MILLION PENSIONERS.

GREATEST NUMBER EVER ON THE ROLLS WAS SHOWN ON JAN. 1.

Decreased Since Then to 998,441-Civil War Veterans Dying at the Rate of About Five Hundred a Month—Cost of Pensions for the Year \$186,745,295

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Civil war veterans are dying off at the rate of about 500 a month, according to figures given in the annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions for the fiscal year ended June 30 last. Despite the fact that 6,000 pensioners died during the last year and that the total number decreased more than 43,000, the greatest number ever on the pension rolls was shown on Jan. 1 of this year. when they carried the names of 1,004,196

During the year the Pension Bureau issued 185,242 certificates, of which number more than 50,000 were original. The annual value of the pension roll on June 30 last was \$136,745,295. By the term annual value is meant the amount of money required to pay the pensioners then on the roll for one year. During the year 43,883

roll for one year. During the year 43,883 pensioners were dropped by reason of death, and of this number 30,524 were survivors of the civil war.

The total amount paid to Spanish war pensioners since 1899 was \$11,996,193. The total amount of money paid for pensions since the foundation of the Government was \$3,320,880,022, and of this amount \$3,144,395,000 was paid on account of the civil war.

395,000 was paid on account of the divilwar.

The total number of claims allowed, original and increase, under order No. 78, issued by President Roosevelt last year, and known as the "Age Order," since that order went into effect in April, 1904, up to June 30, 1905, was \$85,612. The total number of pensioners of all classes on the rolls June 30, 1905, was 998,441. Of this number 945,813 are pensioned on account of the civil war, namely, invalids, 684,608; widows and dependents, 261,205.

CONSUL MILLER EXPLAINS.

Tells State Department About Germany's Refusal of an Exequatur.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- The objection of the German Government to J. Martin Miller as American Consul at Aix-la-Chapelle will probably result in the appointment of Mr. Miller to some consular position in another country. The Imperial Government took exception to Mr Miller's appointment and refused to grant his execuatur on account of certain things Mr. Miller, as a war correspondent, wrote about Germany. He described atrocities by German troops in China during the Boxer uprising at one time, and again he criticized the German Government's doings in Samoa. Another time he published an interview with Admiral Dewey in which the course of the German naval officers at the fall of Manila was criticized. These are the reasons offered by the Government at Berlin in sustaining their objection to Mr. Miller's presence in that country in an official care div official canacity.

Mr. Miller's presence in that country in an official caracity.

Mr. Miller was ordered to make an explanation to the State Department. He came to Washington to-day and reported to Acting Secretary of State Loomis. At the conclusion of the conference neither Mr. Loomis nor Mr. Miller would discuss the situation. Mr. Loomis said that a decision would probably be announced within a day or two. It is understood that the matter has been sent to Oyster Bay.

Besides the objections offered by Germany directly, there also seems to be a disposition on the part of some newspapers in Germany to prevent the appointment of American newspaper men to consular posts in that country. The German papers think that a newspaper man would endeavor to learn too much of the affairs of the country to which he would be accredited in an official capacity. Mr. Miller left Washington to-night for New York.

At the State Department Mr. Miller's usefulness as a consul is not thought to be impaired merely because he happens to be objectionable to Germany, and accordingly he will probably be sent to some other country.

THE PRESIDENT'S AIDES.

Capt. Fitzhugh Lee and Lieuts. Philip Sheri-WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.-Capt. Fitzhugh Lee. Jr., of the Twelfth Cavalry, and Lieut. Philip Sheridan. Jr., of the Fifth Cavalry, have been detailed for duty in the White House for the social season as aides to the President. The duties of these aides are purely social. Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant 3d, who was an aide there last season, has been detailed for these duties again this year. Lieut. Grant is the grandson of Gen. U.S. Grant, and a son of Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, now stationed at Governors Island, Of the other aides of last year. Commander Grant, now stationed at Governors Island,
Of the other aides of last year, Commander
Winslow, U. S. N., special aide to the President, will go to sea: Lieut. Roscoe Carlisle
Bulmer. U. S. N., is on sea duty; Lieut.
Granville R. Fortescue, a relative of the
President, has been ordered to join his
regiment, the Tenth Cavalry, in the West,
and Capt. Harry Lay, U. S. M. C., will soon
go to sea.

and Capt. Harry Lay, U. S. M. C., will soon go to sea.
Lieut Daniel T. Moore, U. S. A., a relative of Mrs. Roosevelt, will remain, and Col. Charles Sumner Bromwell, U. S. A., superintendent of public buildings and grounds, and Major Charles L. McCawley, U. S. M. C., will as usual perform their duties as heads of the President's aides.

NEW POSTAL SUB-STATION.

It Will Be in Times Square and Will Relieve

the Pressure at Stations E and G. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- A new posta sub-station will be established in Times Square, New York, on the recommen square, New York, on the recommenda-tion of Postmaster Willcox. It will re-lieve the pressure of business at Station E, located at West Thirty-second street, and Station G, corner of Broadway and Fifty-first street. These stations will be re-duced in size when the new one goes into commission, and a part of the force of each is transferred to Times Square. The new station will begin business some time this fall. Postmaster Willcox has been author-ized to enter into negotiations for accom-

fall. Postmaster Willcox has been authorized to enter into negotiations for accommodations.

No action has yet been taken by the First Assistant Postmaster-General on Mr. Willcox's recommendation for another station uptown. The inspector's report on this proposition was adverse, but this is not final. First Assistant Hitchcock will look into the matter himself later.

With a view of securing desirable eligibles a new plan has been adopted, relative to appointments in the New York Postoffice. The Civil Service Commission has been directed to prepare special eligible been directed to prepare special eligible lists and hold special examinations for appointments in the greater city.

MINISTER GRIP RETURNS. He Still Represents Sweden and Norway in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- The return of Mr. A. Grip, Minister from Sweden and Norway A. Grip, Minister from Sweden and Norway to this country, has caused consideral le surprise here. Mr. Grip called at the State Department to-day. It was said that he came for no special purpose other than paying his respects. His status is unchanged and he still represents the Government of Sweden and Norway.

When Mr. Grip left Washington for home some weeks ago it was thought that he would not return. He is a Norwegian, and it was said that he intended to ally himself with the new Government and would not return to this country in an official capacity.

Fraud Order Against Brooklyn Concerns WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- A fraud order was to-day issued against W. E. Snell & Co. and the "Fireside and Family," 438 Pacific street, Brooklyn. These schemes were run by William J. Hoggins and consisted in the sale of worthless trinkets through advertising them in the newspapers.

## Anticipative!

The man or the business that dares staid custom usually brings upon himself or itself the glory of success. According to the tenots of the trade this showing of fur lined overcosts is much too anticipative. It is in daring custom and taking the initiative in things of this character that this pusiness owes much of its success.

The fur-lined overcoats involved possess an excellence of tailoring that is uncommon to even the costliest of usual fur-lined overcoats. \$55 to \$250.

Mink lined—Persian lamb cellar.
Marmot lined—Persian lamb cellar.
Natural Muskrat lined—Blanded seal cellar.
Water Mink lined—Blanded cellar.
Japan Mink lined—Seal autria cellar.

WM. VOGEL & SON

Broadway,

WE BEG TO ADVISE OUR PATRONS

#### 158 BROADWAY

has been destroyed by fire. We will be opened for business in a few days. In the meantime all orders will be filled promptly at our stores 1107 Broadway and 536 Fifth Ave.

Phone 3086 Madison or 3014-38th.

YOUMANS

California Dredging Companies Merged. San Francisco, Sept. 7.—W. P. Hammond and John Hays Hammond have formed a merger of some of the large dredge mining companies in Butte and Yuba counties. The deal has just been closed in New York and W. P. Hammond is now

Sizes, 13 to 2,

other week days.

on his way home with the documents. The merger company is to be known as the Oroville Dredging Company, with a capital of \$4,000,000. London, New York and Bes-ton capital is interested in the project which is preliminary to the consolidation of all the dredge companies in the State.

# B. Altman & Co.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FOOTWEAR AND BOYS' FALL BOOTS.

Assortments of Misses', Boys' and Children's Footwear are offered, including light soled patent leather shoes for dancing and party wear, and appropriate styles for school dress.

This day (Friday) and Saturday until Noon (when more will be closed) the following will be placed on sale at decidedly less than the usual prices:

Misses' and Children's Button Shoes of kidskin with patent leather tipe, and Black Russia Leather School Shoes, Sizes, 8 to 101/2, \$1.45 Sizes, 11 to 2,

> Boys' and Youths' Calfskin Lace Boots, \$2.25 Sizes, 21/2 to 51/2.

(Department on Third Floor.) Store will be closed during the month of September at 12 o'clock Noon on Saturdays, and at 5 P. M. co

Nineteenth Street and Sixth Anemie, New York.

# BEST& 6

# Children's Outfitting.

This store is devoted exclusively to supplying the requirements of children. The energy and attention which in other establishments are distributed over many departments are here concentrated upon one specific object.

We originate ideas, create designs and provide Children's Complete Outfits in the most complete manner.

At prices consistent with the quality offered.

60-62 West 23d Street.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD

Week End Outing BLOCK ISLAND, SHELTER ISLAND, EASTHAMPTON AND WATERMILL

Saturday, September 9th: Round Trip Rates, Including Board, beginning with dinner Saturday evening and entité with breakfast Monday Iollowing. BLOCK ISLAND: HOTEL MANISSES, - 30.00 | NEW NATIONAL, - 30.00 | NEW HYGEIA, - 9.00 | SPRING HOUSE, - 9.00

SHELTER ISLAND—PROSPECT HOUSE, EASIHAMPTON—MAIDSTONE INN, WATERMILL—MECOX INN, Tickets good going on any Saturday afternoon train—also on Saturday morning train for Block Island—on sale Friday at 120 Broadway, 55 Fifth Avenue, and foot E. Mth St., N. Y., Long Island City and Flatbush Avenue Station, Brooklyn.

RALPH PETERS.

A. L. LANGDON,
Prest. & Gen'l Mgr.

Traffic Manager.

Gen'l Pass'r Aft.